

**THE MONUMENTS  
OF  
SULTAN JALALUDDIN KHUWARZAM SHAH  
IN THE AREAS OF MODERN-DAY PAKISTAN**

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## MONUMENTS OF SULTAN JALALUDDIN IN PAKISTAN

- Many places in present-day Pakistan are still present as monuments of Sultan Jalaluddin Khwarzam Shah and despite being historically significant, they are missing. Despite the passage of many centuries, no special attention was paid to these places and their historical status was not highlighted.
- These historical places related to Sultan Jalaluddin Khwarzam Shah are present from the banks of the Indus River in Punjab to the shores of the Arabian Sea in Sindh.
- I would like to mention these historical places according to the historical books.

# **MONUMENTS OF SULTAN JALALUDDIN IN PAKISTAN**

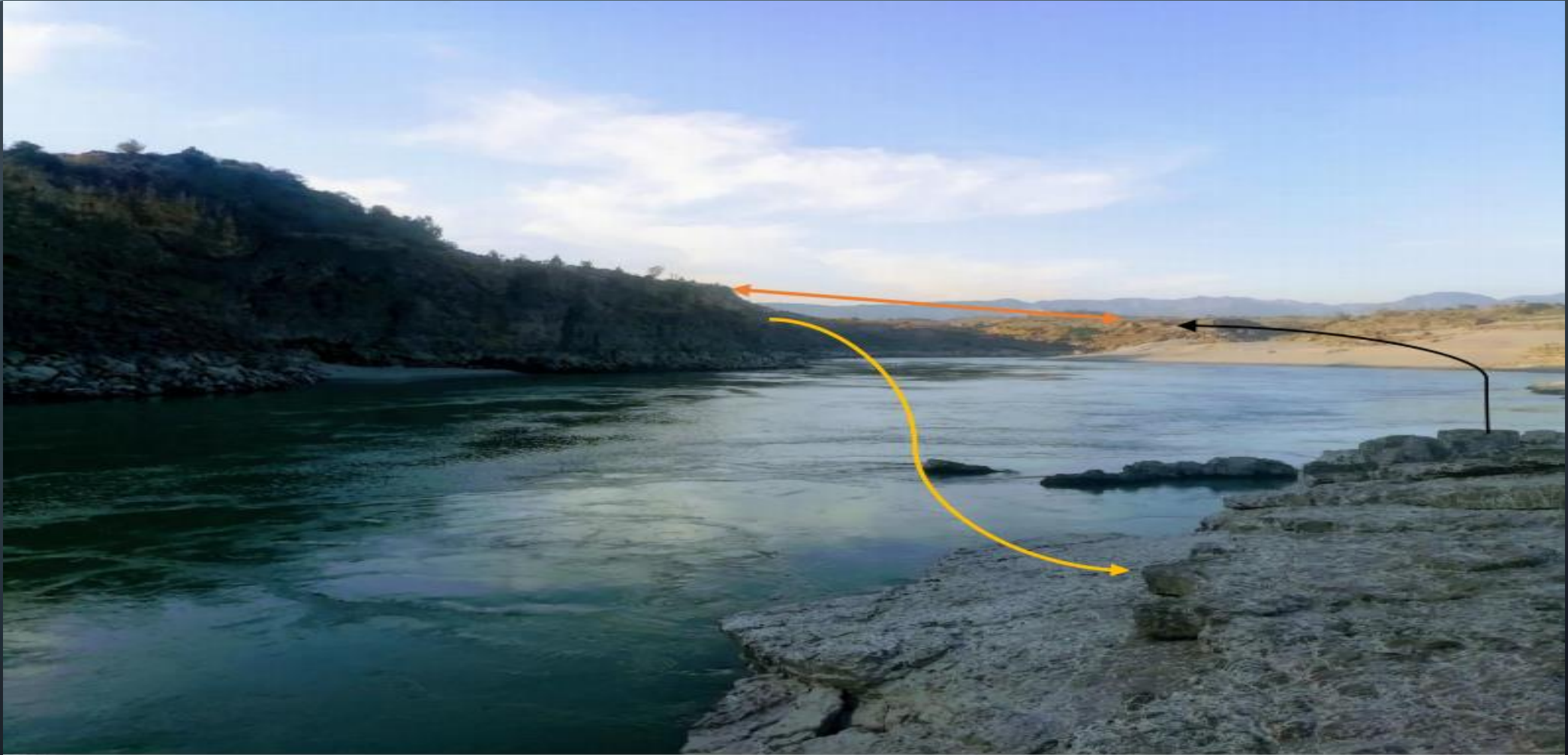
- **Ghora Tarap**
- **The Samarkand Fort**
- **The Fort of Tulaja**
- **The Mosque of Sultan Jalaluddin Khuwarzam Shah**

# THE PLACE OF GHORA TARAP

- The place from which Sultan Jalaluddin Khuwarzam Shah jumped into the Indus River.
- According to Major Raverty, Sultan Jalaluddin Khuwarzam Shah jumped from a 25 to 30 feet high rock into the river with his horse and at this place, the river is 180 feet deep and 250 yards wide while the river is flowing at a speed of 9 to 10 miles per hour.
- Now, if we look at this place in the context of the battle of the Indus River and the battlefield of Nilab, then this place can be guessed.
- This place is located nowadays some kilometers away from Bagh Nilab District Attock Punjab Pakistan and famous with the name of "Ghora Tarap".



The rock from which Sultan Jalaluddin Khwarzam Shah jumped into Indus River.



The place from where Sultan Jalaluddin Khwarzam Shah came out from the River.

## THE SAMARKAND FORT

- About 18 km west of Kalar Kahar is a village called "Mira-Aman" which is located in between the mountains. There is a mountain known as "Samarkand Mountain" from a two-hour arduous distance from Mira-Aman village. On top of this mountain, there is an ancient fort about 600 meters long and 300 meters wide, which is known as "Samarkand Fort".
- Sultan Jalaluddin Khuwarzam Shah rebuilt and repaired it, used it as his base, and stayed in this fort.
- Samarkand Fort has been destroyed due to its dilapidated condition. The outer wall has almost collapsed.



The Samarkand Mountain





A destructed wall of Samarkand Mountain

## THE FORT OF TULAJA

- Tulaja Fort is located in Soon Valley of Kohistan-e-Namak, Khushab District, and is present as the second monument of Sultan Jalaluddin Khuwarzam Shah in the vast mountain range of Kohistan-e-Namak (Salt range).
- According to local history, the fort was built by Sultan Jalaluddin Khuwarzam Shah when he came to the area after crossing the Indus River and stayed here for some time.
- This fort is located at the very top of this mountain and there is no way to get to the top of this mountain except from one side.



The mountain on which Tulaja fort is located



A wall of Tulaja fort constructed by stones

## THE MOSQUE OF SULTAN JALALUDDIN KHUWARZAM SHAH

- The construction of a mosque in place of a temple by Sultan Jalaluddin Khuwarzam Shah is mentioned in Tarikh-e-Farishta and Tarikh-e-Jahan Kusha at place of Debal Sindh.
- The name of this mosque in Tarikh-e-Jahan Kusha is "Friday Mosque".
- The ancient mosque which is present on a hill in present-day Pir Patho near the Thatta region of Sindh as a mosque built by Sultan Jalaluddin Khuwarzam Shah.



The mosque which was built by Sultan Jalaluddin Khwarzam Shah in Sindh.



View of mosque from Inside

The image features a dark blue gradient background with white, stylized circuit board traces in the corners. These traces consist of straight lines and right-angle turns, ending in small circles that represent components or connection points. The traces are located in the top-left, top-right, bottom-left, and bottom-right corners, framing the central text.

**THANK YOU**